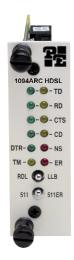
# USER MANUAL

## **MODEL 1094ARC**

NetLink™ HDSL
Symmetric DSL
Rack Mount Modem Card







An ISO-9001 Certified Company Part# 07M1094ARC-A Doc# 032052UA Revised 06/24/99

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#### 1.0 WARRANTY INFORMATION

**Patton Electronics** warrants all Model 1094ARC components to be free from defects, and will—at our option—repair or replace the product should it fail within one year from the first date of shipment.

This warranty is limited to defects in workmanship or materials, and does not cover customer damage, abuse or unauthorized modification. If this product fails or does not perform as warranted, your sole recourse shall be repair or replacement as described above. Under no condition shall **Patton Electronics** be liable for any damages incurred by the use of this product. These damages include, but are not limited to, the following: lost profits, lost savings and incidental or consequential damages arising from the use of or inability to use this product. **Patton Electronics** specifically disclaims all other warranties, expressed or implied, and the installation or use of this product shall be deemed an acceptance of these terms by the user.

#### 1.1 RADIO AND TV INTERFERENCE

The Model 1094ARC generates and uses radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used properly—that is, in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions—may cause interference to radio and television reception. The Model 1094ARC has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device in accordance with the specifications in Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection from such interference in a commercial installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If the Model 1094ARC does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by disconnecting the unit, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: moving the computing equipment away from the receiver, re-orienting the receiving antenna and/or plugging the receiving equipment into a different AC outlet (such that the computing equipment and receiver are on different branches). In the event the user detects intermittent or continuous product malfunction due to nearby high power transmitting radio frequency equipment, the user is strongly advised to take the following steps: use only data cables with an external outer shield bonded to a metal or metalized connector; and, configure the rear card as shown in section 3.2 of this manual.

#### 1.2 CE NOTICE

The CE symbol on your Patton Electronics equipment indicates that it is in compliance with the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) directive and the Low Voltage Directive (LVD) of the European Union. A Certificate of Compliance is available by contacting Technical Support.

#### 1.3 SERVICE

All warranty and nonwarranty repairs must be returned freight prepaid and insured to Patton Electronics. All returns must have a Return Materials Authorization number on the outside of the shipping container. This number may be obtained from Patton Electronics Technical Support:

Tel: (301) 975-1007
Email: support@patton.com
http://www.patton.com

**NOTE:** Packages received without an RMA number will not be accepted.

Patton Electronics' technical staff is also available to answer any questions that might arise concerning the installation or use of your Model 1094ARC. Technical Service hours: **8AM to 5PM EST, Monday through Friday.** 

**IMPORTANT:** The Model 1094ARC is equipped with flash upgrade. Refer to Patton website http://www.patton.com or contact Technical Support for the latest version of the software.

#### 2.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

Thank you for your purchase of this Patton Electronics product. This product has been thoroughly inspected and tested and is warranted for One Year parts and labor. If any questions arise during installation or use of this product, please contact Patton Electronics Technical Support at: (301) 975-1007.

#### 2.1 FEATURES

- DSL Distances on just two wires using HDSL technology
- DTE Speeds n x 64 to 1.152 Mbps
- 2-wire Operation
- Fits in Patton's 2U Rackmount Chassis
- SNMP Network Management with In-Band Management of Remote Units plus Advanced Diagnostics & Statistics using Patton Model 1001MC
- Internal, external or receive recovered clocking options
- LED indicators for TD. RD. CTS. CD. DTR. TM. ER and NS

#### 2.2 DESCRIPTION

The Patton Electronics NetLink™ HDSL Model 1094ARC Multi-Rate DSL Modem provides high speed 2-wire connectivity to ISPs, PTTs, and corporations using HDSL technology. HDSL offers the ability to deliver the maximum bit rate that a twisted pair line can accommodate. Supporting multiple line rates from 144kbps to 1168Mbps, the NetLink provides "megabit" speeds to leased line, LAN to LAN interconnection, and WAN access networks over 2.9 miles/4.7 km (1.152Mbps on 24AWG/.5mm wire).

The **NetLink™ HDSL** rack card allows *DTE speeds* from 64kbps to 1.152Mbps in increments of 64kbps. Features include loopback diagnostics, out-of-band SNMP/HTTP remote management capabilities, using Model 1000MC, and externally accessible configuration switches.

As a symmetric DSL NTU, **NetLink<sup>TM</sup> HDSL** offers the same data rates in both directions over a single pair of regular telephone lines using 2B1Q modulation. The Model 1094ARC is designed to fit into Patton's 2U (3.5") high rack chassis. This chassis uses a mid-plane architecture allowing front cards to be plugged into different rear cards. Please see the Model 1001RP14 manual for more information on the power supply options that are available.

#### 3.0 CONFIGURATION

This section describes the location and orientation of the Model 1094ARC's configuration switches and jumpers, and provides detailed instructions for all possible settings.

## 3.1 CONFIGURING THE HARDWARE SWITCHES

The Model 1094ARC Series front card uses hardware switches for configuration. There is an interface driver board strap, and three eight-position DIP switches, on the bottom side of the front card (see Figure 1, below).

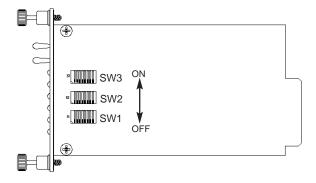


Figure 1. Model 1094ARC, showing configuration switches and interface board

Figure 2 shows the orientation of the DIP switches with respect to the "ON" and "OFF" positions.

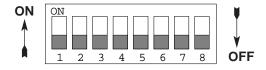


Figure 2. Close up of configuration switches (both sets are identical in appearance)

#### 3.1.1 Reversible Interface Driver Board

The Model 1094ARC Series features switchable interface driver boards that allow a wide range of DTE interface connections. Figure 3 shows the Interface Driver Board on the top of the 1094ARC PC board.

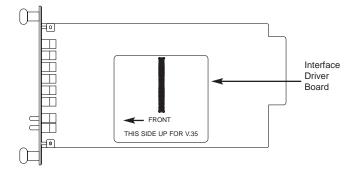


Figure 3. Closeup of Top Side of Model 1094ARC Interface Driver Board

Follow the instructions below to select the correct interface for your application:

- With the 1094ARC front card pulled out of the rack or clusterbox chassis, locate the driver board on the top of the 1094ARC front card.
- 2. Lift the interface board gently off of the PC board.
- 3. Locate the correct interface on the bottom of the driver board. For example, the RS-232/V.35 interface board is marked "THIS SIDE UP FOR RS-232" on one side and "THIS SIDE UP FOR V.35" on the other side. Other "single" interface boards are marked with "FRONT" on one side of the board.
- Re-orient the interface board into the socket with the appropriate interface pointed UP and with the arrow pointing toward the front panel of the Model 1094ARC PC board.
- Push the Interface Driver Board gently onto the socket and reinstall into the rack or cluster system.

## 3.1.2 Connecting to a "DTE" Device

The serial port on most interface modules (all except the X.21 module) is hard-wired as a DCE. Therefore these modules "want" to plug into a DTE such as a terminal, PC or host. When making the connection to your DTE device, use a **straight through** cable of the shortest possible length—we recommend 6 feet or less. When purchasing or constructing an interface cable, please refer to the pin diagrams in **Appendix C** as a guide.

## 3.1.3 Connecting to a "DCE" Device

If the Model 1094ARC interface module is hard-wired as a DCE (all except the X.21 module), you must use a *null modem* cable when connecting to a modem, multiplexer or other DCE device. This cable should be of the shortest possible length—we recommend 6 feet or less. When purchasing or constructing a null modem interface cable, use the pin diagrams in **Appendix C** as a guide.

NOTE: Pin-out requirements for null modem applications vary widely between manufacturers. If you have any questions about a specific application, contact Patton Electronics Technical Support

#### 3.1.4 Configuring the X.21 Interface Module IM2RC/D

The serial port on the X.21 Interface Module is default wired as a DCE, but may be switched to a DTE. This is done by reversing the orientation of the DCE/DTE strap, as described below:

To reverse DCE/DTE orientation, remove the interface module according to the instructions in **Section 3.1.1**. The DCE/DTE strap is located on the top side of the interface module's PC board. The arrows on the top of the strap indicate the configuration of the X.21 port (for example, if the DCE arrows are pointing toward the rear card connector, the X.21 port is wired as a DCE). Reverse the DCE/DTE orientation by pulling the strap out of its socket, rotating it 180°, then plugging the strap back into the socket. You will see that the DCE/DTE arrows now point in the opposite directions, showing the new configuration of the X.21 port. Reinstall the module according to the instructions in **Section 3.1.1**.

## 3.1.5 Configuration DIP Switch Set "S1" - Management Address

Switch S1 is used to set the address of the card in the NetLink Network Management System. When the 1094ARC is installed with a Model 1001MC, the cards and their remote units can be SNMP managed using a standard Network Management Station (NMS) or a standard web browser (i.e. Netscape, Internet Explorer, etc.). For more information on setting the address, please see Appendix A of the Model 1001MC Operations Manual.

**NOTE:** If you are not using your Model 1094ARC in an SNMP managed environment, S1 switches should all be set to the ON position.

## 3.1.6 Configuration DIP Switch Set "S2"

The configuration switches on S2 allow you to specify the Line Rate, Clocking Mode and response to DTE Loop Enable. Default settings of S2 are shown in the table below.

	S2 SUMMARY TABLE				
Position	Function	Factory Default			
S2-1	Reserved Off				
S2-2	Reserved	Off			
S2-3	Reserved	Off			
S2-4	Reserved	Off			
S2-5	Reserved	Off			
S2-6	Clock Mode	On \ Internal			
S2-7	Clock Mode	On }			
S2-8	-8 Enable Loop from DTE Off Disable				

Switches S2-1, S2-2, S2-3, S2-4, S2-5: Reserved for Future Use and Should Remain in the Off Position.

## Switches S2-6 and S2-7: Clock Mode

Use Switches S2-6 and S2-7 to configure the 1094ARC for internal, external, or receive recover clock mode.

CO/CP Unit	S2-6	S2-7	Clock Mode	Description
СО	On	On	Internal	Transmit clock generated inter- nally
СО	Off	On	External (DTE)	Transmit clock derived from terminal inter- face
СР	On	Off	Receive Recover	Transmit clock derived from the received line
	Off	Off		Reserved

## Switch S2-8: Enable/Disable Loop Tests from DTE

Use Switch S2-8 to allow Model 1094ARC to enter loopback tests when the DTE raises the appropriate loop request pin.

<u>S2-8</u>	Setting
On	Response to DTE Loopback Request Enabled
Off	Response to DTE Loopback Request Disabled

## 3.1.7 Configuration Switch Set "S3"

Use the eight DIP Switches in Switch S3 to enable the DTE connection rate. The following table summarizes default positions of DIP Switch S3. Detailed descriptions of each switch follow the table.

S3 SUMMARY TABLE						
Position	Position Function Factory De					
S3-1	DTE Rate	Off	1			
S3-2	DTE Rate	Off				
S3-3	DTE Rate	On	64Kbps			
S3-4	DTE Rate	On	0			
S3-5	DTE Rate	On				
S3-6	DTE Rate	On	,			
S3-7	S3-7 Reset Software Defaults		Normal Operation			
S3-8 Transmit Data Sample Point On Normal			Normal Operation			

## Switch S3-1: DTE Rate

Use Switch S3-1 through S3-6 to set the rate adaptive DTE bit rate.

S3-1 Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On Off On On Off On On Off On On On On On On On On On On On On On	S3-2 Off On Off Off On Off On Off On Off Off	S3-3 On Off Off Off On On On Off Off Off Off	S3-4 On On On On Off Off Off Off Off Off Off	S3-5 On On On On On On On On On On On Off Off	S3-6 On On On On On On On On On On On On On	DTE Rate (kbps) 64 128 192 256 320 384 448 512 576 640 704 768 832 896 960 1024
Off On Off On	On Off Off On	On On On Off	On On On On	Off Off Off	On On On On	960 1024 1088 1152

NOTE: Based upon the chosen DTE rate, the Model 1095RC will automatically select the optimum line rate for distance. This selection is based on the lowest line rate that will support the DTE rate.

#### Switch S3-7: Reset Software Defaults

Switch S3-7 allows the user to reset the software configured factory defaults.

<u>S3-7</u>	Factory Test
On	Normal operation

Off Reset to factory default configuration

## Switch S3-8: Transmit Data (TD) Sampling Point

Switch 3-8 controls the Transmit Data (TD) sampling point.

<u>S3-8</u> On	<u>Setting</u> Normal	<u>Description</u> TD sampled on the falling edge of the 1094ARC Transmit Clock (TC)
Off	Invert	TD sampled on the rising edge of the 1094ARC

Transmit Clock.

#### 3.2 CONFIGURING THE REAR INTERFACE CARD

The Model 1094ARC Series has six interface card options: the Model 1001RCM12545 (DB-25/RJ-45), the Model 1001RCM13445 (M/34/RJ-45), the Model 1001RCM125TB (DB25/TB), the Model 1001RCM134TB (M/34/TB), the Model 1001RCM11545, and the Model 1001RCM115TB. Each of these options supports one DTE interface connection and one 2-wire line connection. Figure 4 below illustrates the six different interface options for the Model 1094ARC Series.

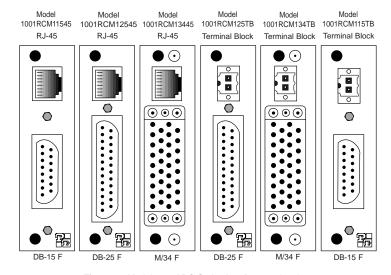


Figure 4. Model 1094ARC Series interface card options

**NOTE:** The 1094ARC Series rear cards are specifically designed to operate with the Model 1094ARC function card and must not be swapped with other Patton function cards.

Prior to installation, you will need to examine the rear card you have selected and make sure it is properly configured for your application. Each rear card is configured by setting straps located on the PC board. To configure the rear cards, you must set the configuration straps. Figure 5 below shows the orientation of these straps. Each strap can either be on pegs 1 and 2, or on pegs 2 and 3.

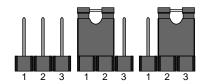


Figure 5. Orientation of Interface Card Straps

Sections 3.2.1, 3.2.2, and 3.2.3 describe the strap locations and possible settings for each rear card.

## 3.2.1 Model 1001RCM12545 & 1001RCM125TB Strap Settings

Figure 6 shows strap locations for the Model 1001RCM125XX (DB-25) rear cards. These straps determine various grounding characteristics for the terminal interface and twisted pair lines. JB3 and JB4 are user configurable.

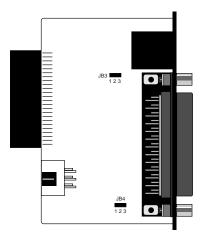


Figure 6. 1001RCM125XX strap locations

The table below provides an overview of interface strap functions for the rear interface cards. Following the table overview are detailed descriptions of each strap's function.

	INTERFACE CARD STRAP SUMMARY TABLE #1				
Strap Function		Position 1&2	Position 2&3		
JB3	DTE Shield (Pin1) & FRGND	Connected	Open*		
JB4	FRGND & SGND	Connected	Open*		

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates default setting

## DTE Shield (DB-25 Pin 1) & FRGND (JB3)

In the connected position, this strap links DB-25 pin 1 & frame ground. In the open position, pin 1 is disconnected from frame ground.

JB3

Position 1&2 = DTE Shield (Pin 1) and FRGND Connected Position 2&3 = DTE Shield (Pin 1) and FRGND Not Connected

## SGND & FRGND (JB4)

In the connected position, this strap links DB-25 pin 7 (Signal Ground) and frame ground through a 100 ohm resistor. In the open position, pin 7 is connected directly to frame ground.

JB4

Position 1&2 = SGND (Pin 7) and FRGND Connected through a 100 ohm resistor

Position 2&3 = SGND (Pin 7) and FRGND Directly Connected

## 3.2.2 Model 1001RCM13445 & 1001RCM134TB Strap Settings

Figure 7 shows the strap location for the Model 1001RCM134XX (M/34) rear card. This strap determines whether Signal Ground and Frame Ground will be connected.

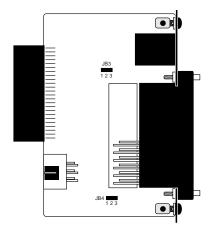


Figure 7. 1001RCM134XX strap locations

The table below provides an overview of interface strap functions for the rear interface cards. Following the table overview are detailed descriptions of each strap's function.

INTERFACE CARD STRAP SUMMARY TABLE #2					
Strap	Function	Position 1&2	Position 2&3		
JB3	DTE Shield (Pin A) & FRGND	Connected	Open*		
JB4	FRGND & SGND (Pin B)	Connected	Open*		

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates default setting

### DTE Shield (M/34 Pin A) & FRGND (JB3)

In the connected position, this strap links M/34 pin A & frame ground. In the open position, pin A is disconnected from frame ground.

## JB3

Position 1&2 = DTE Shield (Pin A) and FRGND Connected Position 2&3 = DTE Shield (Pin A) and FRGND Not Connected

## SGND & FRGND (JB4)

In the connected position, this strap links Signal Ground and frame ground through a 100 ohm resistor. In the open position, signal ground is disconnected from frame ground.

#### JB4

Position 1&2 = SGND and FRGND Connected
Position 2&3 = SGND and FRGND Not Connected

## 3.2.3 Model 1001RCM11545& 1001RCM115TB Strap Settings

Figure 8 shows strap locations for the Model 1001RCM115XX (DB-15) rear cards. These straps determine various grounding characteristics for the terminal interface and twisted pair lines. JB3 and JB4 are

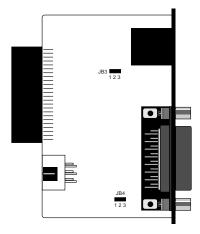


Figure 8. 1001RCM115XX strap locations

user configurable.

The table below provides an overview of interface strap functions for the rear interface cards. Following the table overview are detailed descriptions of each strap's function.

INTERFACE CARD STRAP SUMMARY TABLE #3				
Strap Function		Position 1&2	Position 2&3	
JB3	DTE Shield (Pin1) & FRGND	Connected	Open*	
JB4	FRGND & SGND (Pin 8)	Connected	Open*	

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates default setting

## DTE Shield (DB-15 Pin 1) & FRGND (JB3)

In the connected position, this strap links DB-15 pin 1 & frame ground. In the open position, pin 1 is disconnected from frame ground.

JB3

Position 1&2 = DTE Shield (Pin 1) and FRGND Connected Position 2&3 = DTE Shield (Pin 1) and FRGND Not Connected

#### SGND & FRGND (JB4)

In the connected position, this strap links DB-15 pin 8 (Signal Ground) and frame ground through a 100 ohm resistor. In the open position, pin 8 is connected directly to frame ground.

JB4

Position 1&2 = SGND (Pin 8) and FRGND Connected through

a 100 ohm resistor

Position 2&3 = SGND (Pin 8) and FRGND Directly Connected

### 4.0 INSTALLATION

This section describes the functions of the Model 1001R14 rack chassis, tells how to install front and rear Model 1094ARC Series cards into the chassis, and how to connect to the twisted pair interface and the serial interface.

#### 4.1 THE MODEL 1001R14 RACK CHASSIS

The Model 1001R14 Rack Chassis (Figure 9, below) has fourteen short range modem card slots, plus its own power supply. Measuring only 3.5" high, the Model 1001R14 is designed to occupy only 2U in a 19" rack. Sturdy front handles allow the Model 1001R14 to be extracted and transported conveniently.

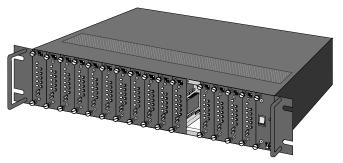


Figure 9: Model 1001R14 Rack Chassis with power supply

## 4.1.1 The Rack Power Supply

The power supply included in the Model 1001R14 rack uses the same mid-plane architecture as the modem cards. The front card of the power supply slides in from the front, and the rear card slides in from the rear. They plug into one another in the middle of the rack. The front card is then secured by thumb screws and the rear card by conventional metal screws.

WARNING! There are no user-serviceable parts in the power supply section of the Model 1094ARC Series. Voltage setting changes and fuse replacement should only be performed by qualified service personnel. Contact Patton Electronics Technical support at (301)975-1007 for more information.

## Powering the 1001R14 Rack

The power supplies that are shipped with your 1001R14 rack system are equipped with a power entry connector on the rear cards. The power supplies are Hot-Swappable, so you are not required to remove the cards from the rack when applying power to the system. Patton Electronics recommends that if you wish to power OFF the rack, that you remove the front card instead of removing the power cable from the back of the rack. Keeping the power cable connected allows the rack to remain grounded.

**NOTE:** Please refer to the Model 1001RP14 Series User Manual *AC and DC Rack Mount Power Supplies* for fuse and power card replacement information.

#### 4.2 INSTALLING MODEL 1094ARC SERIES INTO THE CHASSIS

The Model 1094ARC Series is comprised of a front card and a rear card. The two cards meet inside the rack chassis and plug into each other by way of mating 50 pin card edge connectors. Use the following steps as a guideline for installing each Model 1094ARC Series into the rack chassis:

- Slide the rear card into the back of the chassis along the metal rails provided.
- 2. Secure the rear card using the metal screws provided.
- Slide the front card into the front of the chassis. It should meet the rear card when it's almost all the way into the chassis.
- 4. Push the front card *gently* into the card-edge receptacle of the rear card. It should "click" into place.
- 5. Secure the front card using the thumb screws.

#### 4.3 WIRING THE MODEL 1094ARC SERIES

Each of the rear interface cards compatible with the Model 1094ARC Series has one terminal interface port and one 2-wire (twisted pair) port. For specific interface pin-outs, refer to the diagrams in **Appendix C and E** of this manual.

#### 4.3.1 Connection to the Twisted Pair Interface

The Model 1094ARC supports communication between two DTE devices at distances to 5 miles (8 km) over 24AWG (.5mm) twisted pair wire. There are two essential requirements for installing the Model 1094ARC:

- These units work in *pairs*. Therefore, you must have one Model 1094ARC (or a compatible model) at each end of a single twisted pair interface.
- 2. To function properly, the Model 1094ARC needs one twisted pair of metallic wire. This twisted pair must be unconditioned, dry, metallic wire, between 19 (.9mm) and 26 AWG (.4mm) (the higher number gauges may limit distance some what). Standard dial-up telephone circuits, or leased circuits that run through signal equalization equipment, or standard, flat modular telephone type cable, are not acceptable.

#### 4.3.2 Two-Wire Cable Connection Via RJ-45

 The RJ-45 connector on the Model 1094ARC's twisted pair interface is polarity insensitive and is wired for a two-wire interface. The signal/pin relationships are shown in Figure 10 below.

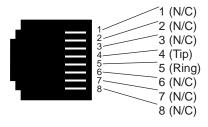


Figure 10. Model 1094ARC twisted pair line interface.

IMPORTANT!: The Model 1094ARC has been optimized for performance at high bitrates (DTE rates greater than 512 kbps). To ensure accurate performance at these bit rates, please use twisted pair line interface cable that is at least 330ft (100m) in length.

#### 4.3.3 Two-Wire Cable Connection Via Terminal Block

The two pin terminal block connector on the Model 1094ARC's twisted pair interface (TB rear card option) is polarity sensitive. Connection to the terminal block is made by connecting your two-wire cable to the connector supplied with your unit. For replacement parts please see **Appendix B.** 

**Notice!** Any modular twisted pair cable connected to the Model 1094ARC must be shielded cable, and the outer shield must be properly terminated to a shielded modular plug on both ends of the cable.

#### **5.0 OPERATION**

Once the Model 1094ARC is properly configured and installed, it should operate transparently. These sections describes functions of the LED status indicators, and the use of the built-in loopback test modes.

#### 5.1 LED STATUS INDICATORS

The Model 1094ARC features twelve front panel LEDs that monitor power, the DTE signals, network connection and test modes. Figure 11 (below) shows the front panel location of each LED. Following Figure 10 is a description of each LEDs function.

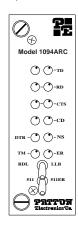


Figure 11. The Model 1094ARC Series' front panel LEDs

- TD & RD glows yellow to indicate an idle condition of Binary "1" data on the respective terminal interface signals. Green indicates Binary "0" data.
- consists of 2 LEDs, 1 yellow, 1 green. CTS glows green to indicate that the Clear to Send signal from the modem is active. Yellow indicates inactive CTS.
- CD consists of 2 LEDs, 1 yellow, 1 green. CD glows yellow if no carrier signal is being received from the remote modem. Green indicates that the remote modem's carrier is being received.
- DTR glows green to indicate that the Data Terminal Ready signal from the terminal is active.

ER

- blinks ON/OFF after a 511/511E test has timed out. See Section 5.2.3 (Test Pattern Generator) for more information.
- flashes once to indicate that a CRC error has occurred (during normal operation) or bit errors have occurred (during 511/511E test).
- Only at power up, blinks once every 200 ms if the DTE Rate is set to an unsupported setting.

TM

glows yellow to indicate that the Model 1094ARC has been placed in Test Mode. The unit can be placed in test mode by the local user or by the remote user. The TM LED will flash for 400msec when a valid packet is received from the Model 1001MC.

NS

(No Signal) glows red to indicate that the local Model 1094ARC is not connected with the remote Model 1094ARC.

#### 5.2 TEST MODES

The Model 1094ARC offers two proprietary loopback test modes, plus a built-in V.52 BER test pattern generator to evaluate the condition of the modems and the communication link. These tests can be activated physically from the front panel or via the interface.

#### 5.2.1 Overview

Figure 12 below shows the major elements used in the loop-back and pattern tests available in the Model 1094ARC. Each block has several functions. Following Figure 12 are descriptions that show how the elements are used during Test Modes.

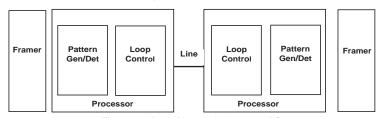


Figure 12: Block Diagram Model 1094ARC

#### Framer

The framer is used to determine the status of the line. In normal operation the framer transmits and expects to receive framed packets from the far end. If the framer receives framed packets from the far end, CTS and CD will be active. If framed packets are not received, CTS and CD will be inactive. The restart procedure uses this information to determine if a valid connection is made (cable disconnect, poor cable quality, etc). In normal Data Mode, if the box receives 4 seconds of unframed packets it will restart the box and begin trying to re-establish a connection with the far end. The distinction between framed packets and unframed packets becomes important when we discuss the Pattern Generator.

#### Pattern Gen/Det

This part of the Processor generates and detects the 511/511E patterns. When transmitting 511 patterns, the information is unframed (because it originates after the framer) and is intended to be evaluated only by another Processor. If the units are in Data Mode and the pattern generator is enabled on one end of the link, the far end will begin receiving unframed packets and assume that the line has gone down. During test modes, we force the pattern generator to time out before it can cause the link to be killed

#### **Loop Control**

This part of the Processor is used to control loop-backs. In a Local Loop, the data is looped back towards the local DTE. In a Remote Loop, the data is looped back to the line, but it is also allowed to pass through to the framer and to the remote DTF.

## Restart Procedure and Time Outs

The restart procedure is in place to allow the units to re-establish a connection after the framer begins seeing unframed packets. The Test Model Timing Chart below shows the amount of time the framer must see consecutive unframed packets before the unit will restart and try to establish a new line connection. The reason that there are different Restart Times will become apparent after reading the rest of the document. The 511/511E Time Out shown refers to the amount of time the 511/511E pattern will be valid. At the end of this time the pattern will automatically turn itself off and the normal data path will be re-established. The ER led will flash indicating to the user that the test has timed out. The ER led will stop flashing once the 511/511E switch is placed into the normal position.

Test Mode Timing			
Item	Elapsed Time (seconds)		
Start Up	50		
Data Mode	4		
511/511E Generator enabled	60 (The generator will stop after 45 Secs.)		
Remote End of an RDL	60		
511/511E Time Out	45 (The pattern generator will automatically turn off after 45 seconds. The ER LED will flash until the user turns the 511/511E switch.)		

#### **Symbol Indicators**

This symbol designates the origination or the termination of a data path. The direction of the arrow connected distinguish the two data paths	
This symbol designates an invalid data path. If there is data present it should be ignored.	

## 5.2.2 Loops and Patterns

The following section describes the Test Modes used in the Model 1094ARC. At the bottom of each Test Mode, a figure is included to show the data path.

#### Local Loop

There are two different modes of operation for a Local Loop depending on the status of the units at the time that the Local Loop is initiated. If the units are not linked (NS LED on) and the Local Loop is initiated, either by the front panel switch or the DTE interface, the unit will enter mode 1. If the units are linked, NS LED off, then the unit will enter a mode 2 Local Loop.

A Mode 1 Local Loop is shown in Figure 13. When the Local Loop is initiated, either by the front panel switch or the DTE interface, the loop will be activated within the local DSP. The data present at the local DTE interface will be looped back to the local DTE by the Loop Control block within the Processor. Any data present on the line or at the far end DTE interface is invalid. The remote unit will remain in the StartUP mode, NS LED off, CTS LED yellow, and CD LED yellow, until the local unit is taken out of the LocalLoop mode. After the Local Loop is deselected, the units will both be in StartUP mode and the link will be established.

A mode 2 Local Loop is shown in Figure 14. When the Local Loop is initiated, either by the front panel switch or the DTE interface, two separate loop paths will be started. In the first path, data presented to the local DTE interface will be looped back to the local DTE within the framer. In the second path data presented at the far end DTE will be transmitted to the local DTE then looped back within the local DTE Loop Control block with the Processor. After the Local Loop is deselected, the units will be placed back into DataMode and the normal data paths will be reestablished.

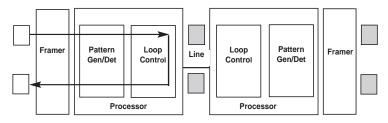


Figure 13. Block Diagram Local Loop Mode 1

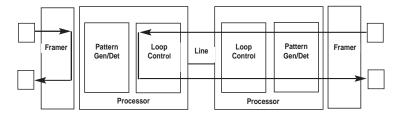


Figure 14. Block Diagram Local Loop Mode 2

## Local Loop with 511/511E

When the unit is placed into a Mode 1 Local Loop and the 511/511E pattern generator is activated, the local pattern generator begins sending out a 511/511E pattern to the Loop Control block. The Loop Control block will loop this data back to the 511/511E pattern detector block, which will evaluate the data for errors. Because the 511/511E pattern generator is contained within the Processor the data is unframed so the framer will begin seeing unframed packets. The framer receives this unframed data and can not distinguish this information from a line disconnection (this would cause the units' Restart procedure to start). What we have done to allow this mode to work is to add time outs for the pattern generators. When the 511/511E is initiated the line restart procedure is changed to one minute. The 511/511E pattern will timeout after 45 seconds. So if the 511/511E is turned on during a local loop, the restart procedure is set to one minute, but the 511/511E pattern will timeout after 45 seconds, allowing the framer to begin seeing framed packets (and not restart the box). After the 511/511E pattern times out, the ER led will begin flashing.

## Local Loop with 511/511E (continued)

It will remain this way until the pattern generator switch is turned off. Note that the data at the local DTE and the remote DTE are not valid. Because the data is unframed there is no way for the framer to send this data out to the DTE. This is an important distinction because other Patton units will send out the 511 pattern.

When the unit is placed into a Mode 2 Local Loop, the 511/511E pattern generator on the local unit is unavailable for transmission. As can be seen from Figure 14, the 511/511E pattern generator has no data path connections available. The 511/511E pattern generator is still available on the remote unit. For more information on the proper operation of this pattern generator please refer to the "Remote Digital Loop with 511/511E" section.

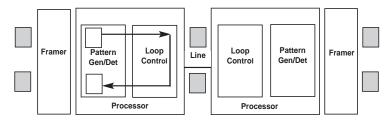


Figure 15. Block Diagram Local Loop Mode 1 with 511/511E

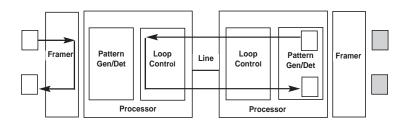


Figure 16. Block Diagram Local Loop Mode 2 with 511/511E

## Remote Digital Loop

The Remote Loop uses the EOC channel (an out-of-band signaling channel) to establish the remote link. Upon the RDL switch being thrown or DTE initiation, a RDL ON Request signal is sent to the remote unit. The Remote unit then responds with an RDL Acknowledge command and the link is established. Data originates at the local DTE and is looped at the Remote DSP back to the Local DTE. Note that the data is also passed through to the Remote DTE and is not squelched. When a Remote unit enters RDL, it changes its' Restart timeout to one minute (the reason will be explained in the RDL with 511/511E section). If the line is disconnected, the local unit will Restart (NS led activated) after 4 - 6 seconds, but the Remote unit will wait for one minute before it Restarts. Note that the transmit data at the Remote DTE is ignored. When the switch is thrown or the DTE removes the RDL request, the local unit will transmit an RDL OFF Request to the Remote unit. The local unit will keep its' TM led active until this request has been completely sent out. If the switch is thrown again before the completion of the termination phase the switch will be ignored until it is placed back into the normal position.

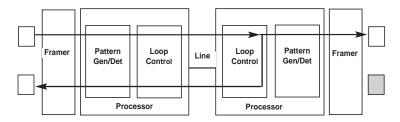


Figure 17. Block Diagram Remote Loop

## Remote Digital Loop with 511/511E

The Remote Digital Loop with 511/511E is shown below. After RDL is established the Remote units' Restart Timer is set to one minute. This has been done because when the 511/511E generator is started on the local unit, the Remote framer begins seeing unframed packets. The Remote unit can not distinguish the 511/511E pattern from the line being disconnected so the Restart Timer has been lengthened to allow the pattern generator to function. Once the 511/511E test is started, the Local unit changes its' Restart Timer to one minute. The pattern originates within the DSP and is sent to the Remote unit. It is then looped back to the Local unit where it is evaluated for errors. After 45 seconds, the Pattern Generator will timeout and stops sending the pattern. The ER led will begin blinking until the user turns off the 511/511E switch.

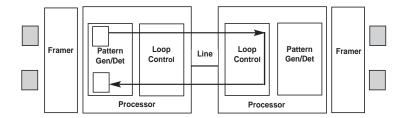


Figure 18. Block Remote Loop with 511/511E

# Data Mode with 511/511E Pattern Generators

When the units enter DataMode it is possible to turn on the 511/511E pattern generators on both ends of the link. Once a 511/511E pattern is selected on one end of the link, the pattern generator will begin transmitting unframed 511/511E through the line to the Remote end. A possible problem with this test can occur due to the Restart procedure. Once the Local 511/511E is turned on, the Remote unit begins receiving an unframed 511 pattern. If the Remote unit does not turn on the 511/511E-pattern generator within 4 seconds, the Remote unit will Restart and enter the StartUp mode. Note that once the 511/511E-pattern generator is started the Restart timer is changed to one minute (only on the unit which has the pattern enabled). If both units enable the 511/511E pattern within 4 seconds of each other, both units will be transmitting and receiving the 511/511E pattern. Both framers are now receiving unframed data and will restart after one minute. The 511/511E pattern generators will TimeOut after 45 seconds re-enabling the normal data path. The ER led will begin flashing until the user terminates the test.

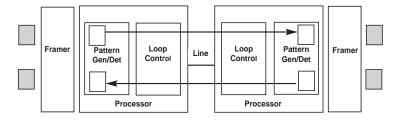


Figure 19. Block Diagram DataMode with 511/511E

## 5.2.3 Using the V.52 (BER) Test Pattern Generator

To use the V.52 BER tests in conjunction with the Remote Digital Loopback tests\* (or with Local Line Loopback tests), follow these instructions:

- Locate the "511/511E" toggle switch on the front panel of the
   1094ARC and move it to the left. This activates the V.52 BER
   test mode and transmits a "511" test pattern into the
  loop. If any errors are present, the local modem's red "ER"
  LED will blink sporadically.
  - 2. If the above test indicates no errors are present, move the V.52 toggle switch to the right, activating the "511/E" test with errors present. If the test is working properly, the local modem's red "ER" LED will glow. A successful "511/E" test will confirm that the link is in place, and that the Model 1094ARC's built-in "511" generator and detector are working properly.

\*NOTE: The above V.52 BER tests can be used independently of the Remote Digital Loopback tests. This requires two operators: one to initiate and monitor the tests at the local Model 1094ARC, and one to do the same at the remote Model 1094ARC. In this case, the test pattern sent by each Model 1094ARC will not be looped back, but will be transmitted down the line to the other Model 1094ARC.

## **APPENDIX A**

## PATTON ELECTRONICS MODEL 1094ARC SPECIFICATIONS

**Transmission Format:** Synchronous

**Transmission Line:** Two-Wire unconditioned twisted pair

**Clocking:** Internal, external or receive recovered clock

Interface Modules: EIA RS-232/ITU/T V.24, RS-232/530,

ITU/T V.35 and ITU/T X.21

**Line Rates:** 144, 272, 400, 528, 784, 1040, and

1168 kbps

**DTE Rates:** 64, 128, 192, 256, 320, 384, 448, 512, 576,

640, 704, 768, 832, 896, 960, 1024, 1088,

and 1152 kbps

**Diagnostics:** V.52 compliant bit error rate pattern

(511/511E pattern) generator and detector with error injection mode; Local Line Loopback and Remote Digital Loopback, activated by front panel switch or via serial

interface

LED Status Indicators: TD, RD, CTS, CD, DTR, NS(no signal), ER

(error) and TM (test mode)

**Connectors:** RJ-45 on line side; DB-25 female, M/34

female or DB-15 female on serial interface side, depending upon which interface

module is installed.

**Power:** 100-253 VAC, 50-60 Hz (universal input);

48 VDC (option). 10 watts.

**Temperature Range:** 32-122°F (0° -50°C)

**Altitude:** 0-15,000 feet

**Humidity:** 5 to 95% non-condensing

**Dimensions:** Front Card: 4.81" x 3.10" x 0.95"

(12.2 x 7.8 x 2.4cm)

Rear Card: 3.33" x 2.8" x 0.95"

(8.4 x 7.1 x 2.4cm)

Weight: Front Card: 0.22 lbs (.10Kg)

Rear Card (M/34 with V.35 interface): 0.16

lbs (.07Kg)

Rear Card (DB-25/RS-232 interface): 0.12

lbs. (.05Kg)

#### **APPENDIX B**

## PATTON ELECTRONICS MODEL 1094ARC FACTORY REPLACEMENT PARTS AND ACCESSORIES

Patton Model #	<u>Description</u>
1001RPEM-RAC	120/240V Rear Power Entry Module
1001RPSM-RUI	120/240V Front Power Supply Module
1001RPEM-RDC	DC Rear Power Entry Module
	48V Front Power Supply Module
1001R14P	Rack 14 Slot 2U Chassis Only
1001R14P/R48V	Rack 14 Slot 2U w/Dual Universal
	Input 48VDC Power Supplies
1001R14P/RUIA	Rack 14 Slot 2U w/Dual Universal
	Input 90-260VAC Power Supplies
	European Power Cord
1001R14P/RUIC	Rack 14 Slot 2U w/Dual Universal
	Input 90-260VAC Power Supplies
	Australia Power Cord
1001R14P/RUID	Rack 14 Slot 2U w/Dual Universal
	Input 90-260VAC Power Supplies
	UK Power Cord
1001R14P/RUIG	Rack 14 Slot 2U w/Dual Universal
	Input 90-260VAC Power Supplies
	India Power Cord
1001R14P/RUIK	Rack 14 Slot 2U w/Dual Universal
	Input 90-260VAC Power Supplies
	US Power Cord
	DB-25/RJ-45 Rear Card
1001RCM125TB	= = = = , : =
	M/34/RJ-45 Rear Card
1001RCM134TB	
	DB-15/RJ-45 Rear Card
1001RCM115TB	
1000MC	Management Card
IM2RC/F	
	RS-530 Interface Rear Card
	X.21 Interface Rear Card
1180RC DB	
	Single Width Blank Front Panel4-Wide Blank Front Panel
0516RPDD4	Single Width Blank Rear Panel
	4-Wide Blank Rear Panel
10 25M/25M 1	Set of 16 #4 pan head screws/washersCable, 6 ft, DB-25 male to M/34 male
10-23IVI/33IVI-1	Cable, 6 π, DB-25 male to M/34 maleTerminal Block, 2 Position, Male
07M1094ARC	
07 W 1094ARC	OSEI IVIAITUAI

## **APPENDIX C**

## PATTON ELECTRONICS MODEL 1094ARC TERMINAL INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENTS

## M/34F Connector-DCE (V.35 Interface)

Pin#	<u>Signal</u>
R	SGND (Signal Ground)
	RTS (Request to Send)
	CTS (Clear to Send)
	DSR (Data Set Ready)
	CD (Carrier Detect)
	DTR (Data Terminal Ready)
	LLB (Local Line Loop)
	TM (Test Mode)
N	RDL (Remote Digital Loop)
	TD (Transmit Data-A)
	RD (Receive Data-A)
S	TD/ (Transmit Data-B)
	RD/ (Receive Data-B)
	XTC (External Transmit Clock-A)
	RC (Receive Timing-A)
	XTC/ (External Transmit Clock-B)
	RC/ (Receive Timing-B)
	TC (Transmit Clock-A)
AA	TC/ (Transmit Clock-B)

## **APPENDIX C**

## PATTON ELECTRONICS MODEL 1094ARC TERMINAL INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENTS (Continued)

## RS-232, RS-530 Interface Pin Description (DB-25 Female Connector) (DCE Configuration)

Pin#	<u>Signal</u>
1	FG (Frame Ground)
2	TD (Transmit Data-A)
3	RD (Receive Data-A)
4	RTS (Request to Send-A)
5	CTS (Clear to Send-A)
6	DSR (Data Set Ready-A)
7	SGND (Signal Ground)
8	CD (Carrier Detect-A)
9	RC/ (Receive Timing-B)
10	CD/ (Carrier Detect-B)
11	XTC/ (External Transmit Clock-B)
12	TC/ (Test Control-B)
13	CTS/ (Clear to Send-B)
14	TD/ (Transmit Data-B)
15	TC (Test Control)
16	RD (Receive Data-A)
17	RC (Receive Timing-A)
18	LLB (Local Line Loop)
19	RTS/ (Request to Send-B)
20	DTR (Data Transfer Rate-A)
21	DL (Remote Digital Loop)
22	DSR/ (Data Set Ready-B)
23	DTR/ (Data Transfer Rate-B)
24	XTC (External Transmit Clock-A)
25	TM (Test Mode)

## APPENDIX C

## PATTON ELECTRONICS MODEL 1094ARC TERMINAL INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENTS (Continued)

## X.21 Interface (DB-15 Female Connector) (DTE /DCE Configuration)

Pin #	<u>Signal</u>
1	Frame Ground
2	. T (Transmit Data-A)
3	
4	. R (Receive Data-A)
5	. I (Indication-A)
6	. S (Signal Element Timing-A)
7	. BT (Byte Timing-A, Not Used)
	. SGND (Signal Ground)
9	. T/ (Transmit Data-B)
10	. C/ (Control-B)
	. R/ (Receive Data-B)
12	. I/ (Indication-B)
13	. S/ (Signal Element Timing-B)
14	. BT/ (Byte Timing-B, Not Used)

## **APPENDIX D**

## PATTON ELECTRONICS MODEL 1094ARC DISTANCE TABLES

Transm ission Distance - Patton NetLink HDSL Model1094ARC							
			Noc	ross	Tak		
Line Rate	DTE Rates	26 AW	G (0.4	mm)	24 AW	G (0.5	mm)
kbps		feet	m iles	km	feet	m ies	km
144	64,128	20700	3.9	6.2	24500	4.6	7.3
272	192,256	17400	3.3	5.2	24200	4.5	7.2
400	320,384	15100	2.9	4.6	22600	4.2	6.7
528	448,512	14900	2.8	4.4	21000	3.9	6.2
784	576,640,704,768	13500	2.6	4.2	18000	3.4	5.4
1040	832,896,960,1024	11900	2.3	3.6	15500	2.9	4.6
1168	1088 -1152	11000	2.1	3.3	15200	2.8	4.4
		Cross	Tak (	49 ac	d jacent	CAP pa	airs)
Line Rate	DTE Rates	26 AW	G (0.4	mm)	24 AW	G (0.5	mm)
kbps		feet	m ies	km	feet	m ies	km
144	64,128	18600	3.5	5.6	22100	4.2	6.7
272	192,256	15700	2.9	4.6	21800	4.1	6.5
400	320,384	12800	2.4	3.8	19200	3.6	5.7
528	448,512	13000	2.5	4	18300	3.4	5.4
784	576,640,704,768	12200	2.3	3.6	16200	3.1	4.9
1040	832,896,960,1024	10500	1.9	3	13600	2.5	4
1168	1088 -1152	94000	1.7	2.7	12900	2.4	3.8

## **APPENDIX E**

## PATTON ELECTRONICS MODEL 1094ARC LINE INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENTS

## (RJ45 Connector)

Pin Number	<u>Signal</u>		
1	N/C (No Connection)		
2	N/C (No Connection)		
3	N/C (No Connection)		
4	Tip		
5	Ring		
6	N/C (No Connection)		
	N/C (No Connection)		
	N/C (No Connection)		